Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of)	EB Docket No. 03-152
WILLIAM L. ZAWILA)	Facility ID No. 72672
Permittee of FM Station KNGS,)	
Coalinga, California)	
)	
AVENAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICES, INC.)	Facility ID No. 3365
Permittee of FM Station KAAX, Avenal, California)) .)	
CENTRAL VALLEY EDUCATIONAL SERVICES, INC.)))	Facility ID No. 9993
Permittee of FM Station KYAF, Firebaugh, California)	
H. L. CHARLES D/B/A FORD CITY BROADCASTING)))	Facility ID No. 22030
Permittee of FM Station KZPE, Ford City, California)	
LINDA WARE D/B/A LINDSAY BROADCASTING)	Facility ID No. 37725
Licensee of FM Station KZPO, Lindsay, California)	

To: Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary

Attn: Chief Administrative Law Judge Richard L. Sippel

ENFORCEMENT BUREAU'S REPLY TO THE [ZAWILA PARTIES'] OPPOSITION TO THE MOTION FOR SUMMARY DECISION

- 1. On May 10, 2016, the Presiding Judge issued *Order*, FCC 16M-18, entering adverse findings of fact against William L. Zawila (Zawila), H.L. Charles Broadcasting d/b/a Ford City Broadcasting (FCB), and Linda Ware d/b/a Lindsay Broadcasting (LB) (collectively, the Zawila Parties). The Zawila Parties did not appeal *Order*, FCC 16M-18, to the Presiding Judge. Rather, on May 26, 2016, the Zawila Parties mailed an untimely interlocutory appeal of *Order*, FCC 16M-18, to the Commission, purportedly as a matter of right under Section 1.301(a)(1) of the Commission's rules. On June 7, 2016, the Enforcement Bureau (Bureau) filed an opposition to the Zawila Parties' Interlocutory Appeal. That appeal remains pending.
- 2. On July 25, 2016, the Presiding Judge issued *Order*, FCC 16M-24, inviting the Bureau to file a motion for summary decision in light of the entry of adverse findings of fact against the Zawila Parties made in *Order*, FCC 16M-18.⁴ Accordingly, on August 9, 2016, the Bureau filed a Motion for Summary Decision (Motion) based upon the Presiding Judge's entry of adverse findings of fact, and also upon the admissions of the Zawila Parties, which occurred by operation of law due to the Zawila Parties' failure to timely respond to the Bureau's requests

¹ See Order, FCC 16M-18 (ALJ, rel. May 10, 2016).

² [Zawila Parties'] Appeal of Order (FCC 16M-18) to the Full Commission, mailed on May 26, 2016 (Interlocutory Appeal). The Commission received this pleading on May 31, 2016. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.301(a)(1). Pursuant to Section 1.7 of the Commission's rules, this pleading was deemed filed on the date of its receipt. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.7. Pursuant to Section 1.301(c)(2) of the Commission's rules, appeals filed under paragraph (a) of this section must be filed within 5 days after the order is released. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.301(c)(2). Order, FCC 16M-18, was issued on May 10, 2016. Even allowing Zawila, FCB, and LB an additional three days because Order, FCC 16M-18, was mailed, any appeal should have been filed no later than May 20.

³ See Enforcement Bureau's Opposition to the Appeal of Order, FCC 16M-18, to the Full Commission, filed June 7, 2016.

⁴ See Order, FCC 16M-24 (ALJ, rel. Jul. 25, 2016).

for admission (RFAs).⁵ On August 19, 2016, the Bureau received the Zawila Parties' Opposition to its Motion.⁶ For the reasons discussed below, the Chief, Enforcement Bureau, through his attorneys, respectfully replies to the Zawila Parties' Opposition.

This Case Remains Ripe for Summary Decision Because There Are No Material Facts In Dispute

- 3. The function of summary decision is to "avoid a useless hearing" when no genuine issues of material fact remain. Here, due entirely to the Zawila Parties' continuous stonewalling throughout the discovery process, there are no remaining disputed material facts meriting a hearing, and this case is therefore ripe for summary decision. Indeed, the Opposition does not challenge (or even cite to) any material facts referenced in the Bureau's Motion.

 Rather, the Opposition appears to be nothing more than an out-of-time veiled collateral attack on the Presiding Judge's May 10, 2016 entry of adverse findings of fact in *Order*, FCC 16M-18 (and, by extension, all of the Presiding Judge's other orders denying the Zawila Parties' frivolous discovery objections). Because the Opposition does not dispute any material facts, or otherwise provide any basis for not proceeding to summary decision, it must be denied.
 - 4. Section 1.251(b) of the Commission's rules requires that an opposition to a

⁵ See Enforcement Bureau's Motion for Summary Decision, filed Aug. 9, 2016 (Motion). As detailed in the Motion for Summary Decision, as a result of the Zawila Parties' failure to timely respond to the Bureau's requests for admission, by operation of Section 1.246(b) of the Commission's rules, the Bureau's requests for admission are deemed admitted. See Motion at 11, para. 12. See also In The Matter of Joseph Frank Ptak San Marcos, Texas, Order to Show Cause Why a Cease and Desist Order Should Not Be Issued, 13 FCC Rcd 22168 (ALJ, Order, FCC98D-2, rel. July 6, 1998) (granting summary decision based on facts established by respondent's failure to timely respond to RFAs).

⁶ See [Zawila Parties'] Opposition to Enforcement Bureau's Motion for Summary Decision, received Aug. 19, 2016 (Opposition).

⁷ In the Matter of Summary Decision Procedures, Report and Order, 34 F.C.C.2d 485, 487, para. 6 (1972) (internal citations omitted).

⁸ See Order, FCC 16M-18, at 6 (finding that, in ordering adverse inferences, the Zawila Parties' overall pattern of discovery violations "buttress the Presiding Judge's conclusion that to helplessly wait further for the Zawila [P]arties to comply with discovery obligations and to fully respond to the Bureau's discovery requests would be a fruitless waste of time").

motion for summary decision cannot rest on mere denials or allegations, but "*must* show, by affidavit or by other materials subject to consideration by the presiding officer, that there is a genuine issue of material fact for determination at the hearing...." The Opposition, however, fails to provide a reliable basis, by affidavit or other materials, for disputing a single fact set forth in the Bureau's Motion.

- 5. Instead, the Opposition appears to rely only on the attachment of the Zawila Parties' responses to requests for admission (RFAs) that the Bureau served in 2003.¹⁰ The Bureau surmises that this is the Zawila Parties' attempt to place material facts in dispute, although the Opposition fails to identify any specific material fact that is in in dispute as a result of these RFA responses. Moreover, even if these documents could be relied upon (their reliability is addressed below), their untimely submission is irrelevant. As discussed below, the record plainly reflects that the Presiding Judge's entrance of negative inferences was based on more than the Zawila Parties' failure to provide their 2003 RFA responses.
- 6. In *Order*, FCC 15M-33, the Presiding Judge unambiguously directed Zawila, *inter alia*, to revisit and serve responses to the Bureau's 2003 RFAs:

William L. Zawila shall revisit all interrogatories and requests to produce documents that were served by the Enforcement Bureau, as well as all requests for admission served in 2003, and Zawila is ordered to provide positive and cooperative responses.¹¹

The Presiding Judge also directed Zawila to negotiate his incomplete discovery responses with the Bureau and to file in the public record a status report with attached declarations describing

⁹ See 47 C.F.R. § 1.251(b) (emphasis added).

 $^{^{10}}$ See Opposition at Exhibits 2-4. The Zawila Parties allege these responses were originally served on the Bureau in 2003. See, e.g., id. at 2-3.

¹¹ Order, FCC 15M-33 (ALJ, rel. Dec. 23, 2015), at 7 (emphasis added).

his production efforts and certifying his good faith negotiations with the Bureau. ¹² The Presiding Judge similarly directed FCB and LB "to provide positive and cooperative responses" to any requests for admission, to negotiate in good faith with the Bureau concerning any incomplete responses, and to certify such good-faith negotiations in a declaration document. ¹³ The Presiding Judge put Zawila on notice in December 2015 that "outright refusals and stonewalling may eventually result adverse inferences and assumptions that would justify resolving *HDO* allegations against [him]." ¹⁴

7. Nevertheless, the Zawila Parties completely ignored the Presiding Judge's directives. No meaningful discovery responses were timely served, no status reports or declarations were submitted, no contact was made with the Bureau to negotiate responses, and, as "the final nail in the proverbial coffin," the Zawila Parties failed to appear at the March 29, 2016 status conference that the Presiding Judge specifically called "to take inventory of discovery completed and discovery needed." It was on these bases – and on the totality of the Zawila Parties' conduct in this case – that the Presiding Judge concluded negative inferences were warranted. Indeed, as the Presiding Judge recognized, even if the Zawila Parties' "assertion of compliance [with their 2003 discovery obligations] was supported by the record ... [the Zawila Parties'] utter failure to participate in good-faith discovery" warrants negative inferences. Thus, the introduction now of the Zawila Parties' purported 2003 RFA responses

¹² See id.

¹³ See Order, FCC 16M-08 (ALJ, rel. Mar. 14, 2016), at 6 (directing FCB); Order, FCC 16M-09 (ALJ, rel. Mar. 15, 2016), at 2 (directing LB).

¹⁴ Order, FCC 15M-33, at 6.

¹⁵ Order, FCC 16M-18, at 5.

¹⁶ Order, FCC 15M-33, at 7.

¹⁷ Order, FCC 16M-18, at 4-5.

offers no basis to deny the Bureau's Motion.

The Three Attachments Are Inadmissible and Are Not a Basis for Opposing Summary Decision

- 8. The Commission explained in its 1972 Order establishing summary decision procedures that Section 1.251 of the Commission's rules is based upon Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56.18 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(c) as presently constructed provides that, if a party alleges a fact is in dispute, an objection may be lodged that the material cited "cannot be presented in a form that would be admissible in evidence." Here, the Zawila Parties' 2003 RFA responses attached to the Opposition could not serve as a basis for establishing that facts remain in dispute because, among other indicia affecting their reliability, they appear to be neither complete nor authentic, and therefore are inadmissible.20
- 9. Specifically, each of these three RFA responses are incomplete²¹ and/or inauthentic²² because they, conspicuously, *all* lack a stamp of receipt by any party at the Commission (*e.g.*, the Bureau, the Office of the Secretary, the Office of the Administrative Law Judges, *etc.*); *all* lack a signature by the attorney of record (the signature lines are blank); *all* have declarations dated three days *before* the date of the RFA responses (raising the question of whether the declarations were made with first-hand knowledge of what ultimately was contained in the RFA responses); and *all* lack certificates of service.²³

¹⁸ In the Matter of Summary Decision Procedures, Report and Order, 34 F.C.C.2d 485 (1972).

¹⁹ Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c)(2).

²⁰ Prior to receiving this Opposition, the Bureau conducted a search of its files and was unable to locate a copy of these purported RFA responses.

²¹ See Fed. R. Evid. 106.

²² See Fed. R. Evid. 901.

²³ In addition, these incomplete and unsigned documents would also likely violate the best evidence rule in that they are not originals, or even copies of originals. *See* Fed. R. Evid. 1002 (requiring originals), 1003 (permitting copies of originals).

- "declaration" dated *October 17, 2003*, signed by Cynthia Ramage as "Executor of the Estate of Linda Ware." In 2004, however, Zawila, as counsel for LB, filed with the Commission an FCC Form 316 (an application for consent to transfer the license) which attached the letters testamentary order from the Superior Court of California appointing Cynthia Ramage as executor. A copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit 1. As shown therein, Ms. Ramage was not appointed by the Court as executor of Linda Ware's estate until *May 19, 2004* more than 7 months *after* the date of the declaration attached to LB's 2003 RFA response. While this potential misrepresentation would typically go to weight, and not to admissibility, because there is no indication in the record that Ms. Ramage had any involvement with, or authority over, LB's station, KZPO(FM), prior to becoming executor, her declaration in support of LB's 2003 RFA response should be deemed inadmissible because it is not apparently based on first-hand knowledge. ²⁶
- 11. In sum, based on the multiple bases for inadmissibility for all three of the purported RFA responses, they cannot be relied upon to suggest that there are any material facts in dispute.²⁷

²⁴ Opposition at Exhibit 5.

²⁵ Zawila apparently also served as Ms. Ramage's attorney in the letters testamentary matter before the Superior Court of California. *See* Exhibit 1 attached hereto.

²⁶ Moreover, if Ms. Ramage was not the executor, and not involved in the operation of the station, her declaration would likely be based on inadmissible hearsay. *See* Fed. R. Evid. 802.

²⁷ Although filed by Zawila (as counsel for his station/himself, FCB and LB), the Opposition is almost entirely lacking in legal or record citation. It thus offers no basis, factual or legal, to find that summary decision is inappropriate.

The Opposition Is Nothing More Than An Untimely Attempt to Justify The Zawila Parties' Discovery Failures

12. The Opposition is primarily devoted to repeating baseless objections to the Bureau's discovery requests that the Presiding Judge already rejected. Specifically, the Opposition claims that the Bureau's discovery requests have "been impossible to deal with due to dead parties, dead attorneys, [and] dead witnesses...." The Presiding Judge previously acknowledged, however, that Zawila is "in an excellent position to provide answers" to the Bureau's discovery requests regarding the various stations at issue because "Zawila, as registrant and lawyer, must or should know the multiple background facts" that the Bureau is seeking. As such, even if the Zawila Parties were permitted to late-file objections to the Presiding Judge's discovery rulings that resulted in the negative inferences, the Opposition offers no explanation for why Zawila, still very much alive, and the attorney at all relevant times for the other two Zawila Parties, has not been able to provide the requested discovery. Thus, rather than presenting a basis for revisiting discovery objections (and for denying summary decision), the Opposition serves only as a reminder of the Zawila Parties' continuous stonewalling throughout the discovery process.

Conclusion

13. For the reasons stated above, the Zawila Parties have failed to offer any grounds for challenging the Bureau's Motion for Summary Decision. Accordingly, the Bureau respectfully requests that the Presiding Judge deny the Opposition and grant its Motion.

²⁸ Opposition at 4 (emphasis added). Although H.L Charles and Linda Ware are deceased, all indications are that Zawila oversaw (and continues to handle) many, if not all of, the affairs of FCB and LB's respective stations. *See*, *e.g.*, *Order*, FCC 15M-33, at 4, 6, and n.6.

²⁹ *Id.* at 4.

³⁰ *Id*. at 6.

Respectfully submitted,

Travis LeBlanc Chief, Enforcement Bureau

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August 30, 2016

EXHIBIT 1

Letters Testamentary Order

Form Approved by the Judiciel Council of Catrlornia DE-150 (Rev. January 1, 1998) Mandatory Form (1/1/2000)

LETTERS (Probate)

DIANE A. DAVIS

WEST GROUP Official Publisher Probate Code, §§ 1001, 8403. 8408, 8544, 8545; Code of Civil Procedure, § 2015.6

DIANE A. DAVIS

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Alicia McCannon, an Enforcement Analyst in the Enforcement Bureau's Investigations and Hearings Division, certifies that she has on this 30th day of August, 2016, sent copies of the foregoing "ENFORCEMENT BUREAU'S REPLY TO THE [ZAWILA PARTIES'] OPPOSITION TO THE MOTION FOR SUMMARY DECISION" to:

The Honorable Richard L. Sippel Chief Adminstrative Law Judge Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20554 (by hand, courtesy copy)

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